

# A Comprehensive Review of Information Technology in Enterprise Risk Management at Higher Education Institutions

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#### ABSTRACT

Enterprise risk management (ERM) is a comprehensive framework that effectively manages and mitigates risks across various industries, ensuring efficient risk management and mitigation strategies. This study aims to examine the existing literature and find common patterns and approaches to determine the most effective strategies for enhancing information technology (IT) in ERM at higher education institutions (HEIs). The methodology utilized in this investigation involved the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses (PRISMA), which encompassed a rigorous approach to gathering and examining data. The research utilized a series of sophisticated search methodologies, notably focusing on the keywords; "information technolog\*" OR "digital technolog\*" OR "computerized technolog\*" OR technolog\* AND "risk management" OR "enterprise risk management" OR "integrated risk management" OR "corporate risk management" AND "higher education\*" OR education OR universit\* OR college\*. The search phrases were utilized in the SCOPUS and Web of Science (WoS) databases to attain an extensive and allencompassing compilation of pertinent scholarly works. The investigation encompassed the period from 2019 to 2023, leading to a comprehensive examination of the extant literature on the subject matter. The study implemented specified inclusion and exclusion criteria to ascertain pertinent research, leading to a final sample size of articles (n = 30). The final analysis report thoroughly examines the results obtained, highlighting the rigorous verification of the data by experts in the field. The data underwent a thematic analysis methodology to categorize and consolidate it. The study yielded the successful identification of three distinct themes, specifically (1) digitalization in educational management, (2) Strategies and approaches, and (3) impacts and changes. These themes provide a complete understanding of the intricate landscape that forms the focus of our study. This detailed analysis underscores the importance of IT in ERM at HEIs, digitalization, strategies, and impacts. The benefits include improved strategic decision-making, effective allocation of resources, and a strong foundation for managing risks. There is a growing imperative for the cultivation of aptitudes and the dissemination of information.

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# 1. Introduction

Information technology (IT) plays a more and more crucial role in the efficient risk management of businesses in today's dynamic business environment [4,12]. Enterprise Risk Management (ERM), a holistic framework for discovering, analysing and managing risks, has witnessed a growing reliance on IT tools to facilitate its execution [7,16]. This comprehensive introduction establishes the groundwork for a detailed analysis that delves into the delicate relationship between IT and ERM, analysing how IT solutions are applied to enhance risk management processes within higher education institutions (HEIs). Furthermore, the integration of IT into ERM marks a major paradigm shift, as HEIs acknowledge the need for real-time risk visibility, data-driven decision-making, and seamless collaboration among stakeholders [27,41,42]. In this setting, ERM's conventional manual and compartmentalized procedures have given way to creative IT-driven solutions that promise to alter the way HEIs discover, assess, and mitigate risks [13].

This comprehensive analysis tries to provide a detailed and up-to-date synthesis of the available literature on the connection between IT and ERM at HEIs. It tries to uncover how IT solutions are used to strengthen ERM processes, both in terms of risk identification and assessment, as well as in the ongoing monitoring and management of risks [18,43,47]. Moreover, IT tools and technologies that have been utilized for ERM deployment, ranging from data analytics, artificial intelligence, and machine learning to integrated risk management software. These tools enable HEIs to acquire a comprehensive perspective of risks, make data-driven decisions, and improve the whole risk management process [14,36,39]. Furthermore, the assessment will look into the obstacles and constraints connected with the integration of IT into ERM, evaluating problems such as data security, the cost of implementation, and the need for change management. By examining these impediments, the review intends to provide insights into ways for successful IT-driven ERM implementation [1,5,49].

In an increasingly complex and interconnected HEIs world typified by global uncertainty, the relevance of IT in ERM cannot be underestimated [25,45]. By combining the existing body of information, this thorough study strives to give significant insights to both scholars and practitioners in the subject of risk management. In addition, it intends to contribute to a greater knowledge of how IT may be utilized to maximize ERM procedures, ensuring firms can more effectively discover, assess, and mitigate risks in a dynamic and data-rich context [2,50]. Ultimately, this research aims to strengthen the resilience and long-term success of companies by utilizing the revolutionary potential of IT in ERM at HEIs.

# 2. Methodology

# 2.1 Identification

Three main procedures are used in the systematic review approach to select a number of good publications for this investigation. The first step is to identify keywords and investigate related concepts using thesauri, dictionaries, encyclopaedias, and previous research as resources. Next, search strings were created for the Scopus and Web of Science (WoS) databases after identifying relevant terms (Table 1). In the first phase of the systematic review process, 1,558 papers from Scopus and 1,829 from WoS were successfully retrieved from the databases.

The search strings					
Scopus	TITLE-ABS-KEY (("information technolog*" OR "digital technolog*" OR "computerized technolog*" OR technolog*) AND ("risk management" OR "enterprise risk management" OR "integrated risk management" OR "corporate risk management") AND ("higher education*" OR education OR universit* OR college*))				
Web of	("information technolog*" OR "digital technolog*" OR "computerized technolog*" OR technolog* AND				
Science	"risk management" OR "enterprise risk management" OR "integrated risk management" OR "corporate				
	risk management") AND ("higher education" OR education OR "universit*" OR "college*")				

#### 2.2 Screening

Table 1

Duplicate papers should be disregarded in the first screening step. While 3,254 papers were rejected in the first round, 133 articles were reviewed in the second round. The researchers specified particular inclusion and exclusion criteria followed during this screening process. Since research papers are the main source of useful information, literature was the first criterion for this investigation. Furthermore, the current investigation includes publications that have been excluded in the past, including reviews, systematic reviews, bibliometric literature, conceptual, meta-analyses, meta-syntheses, book series, books, chapters, and conference proceedings. Furthermore, only academic articles written in English were included in the analysis. It is absolutely necessary to recognize that the schedule's selected term is five years long, from 2019 to 2023. Only studies conducted in HEIs have been selected to align with the analysis's goals. A total of 3,254 publications were eliminated due to business, management and accounting, economics, econometrics, and finance as subject areas.

#### 2.3 Eligibility

There are 133 articles produced for the eligibility phase, which is the third step. At this point, the titles and important content of every article were carefully examined to ensure that the inclusion criteria were met and that the papers fit within the current study and its goals. As a result, 103 reports were excluded since they were not constituted due to the out-of-field, title not significantly, and abstract not related to the objective of the study. Lastly, Table 2 indicates that 30 articles are accessible for examination.

The selection	criterion is searching	
Criterion	Inclusion	Exclusion
Language	English	Non-English
Timeline	2019 – 2023	< 2019
Literature	Journal (Article)	Conference, Book, Review
type		
Publication	Final	In Press
Stage		
Subject Area	Social sciences, Business, Economics,	Besides Social sciences, Business, Economics,
	Management and Business Finance	Management and Business Finance

# Table 2

# 2.4 Data Abstraction and Analysis

This study analysed and synthesized multiple research designs, including mixed, qualitative, and quantitative approaches, using integrative analysis as one of the evaluation tools. Expert research is

mostly concerned with developing appropriate topics and subcategories. The collection of data was the first step in the topic's development. The authors have meticulously scrutinized a set of 30 academic articles to find any claims or information relevant to the current study concerns. In the second stage, the writers and specialists analyse the current IT in ERM of HEIs before defining and creating logical categories. Three main elements emerged from the approach: issues, digitalization, education management, strategies, approaches, impact and changes. The writers then summarized each extended concept, including any linked themes, ideas, or opinions. In this study, the principal author worked in tandem with other co-authors to determine and create themes based on the collected data. A meticulous journal was kept throughout the data analysis process to document any relevant analysis, viewpoints, riddles, and other ideas important to understanding the data. The writers also performed a comparison analysis of the results to address any discrepancies that might have emerged during the theme development process. Furthermore, it should be mentioned that the writers converse to resolve any inconsistencies that may arise from their thoughts. In the end, the established motifs were modified to preserve consistency. To determine the validity of the evaluations, the tests were administered by two experts with a background in risk management. By guaranteeing domain validity, the expert review phase in the study improved each sub-theme's sufficiency, clarity, and significance. The author has made changes in response to criticism and suggestions from specialists.



Fig. 1. Flow diagram of the proposed searching study

# 3. Results

# 3.1 Digitalization in Educational Management

Globally, the COVID-19 epidemic has irreversibly changed how higher education is taught. As a result, HEIs must quickly implement digital learning platforms, such as the Blackboard platform [33]. Although necessary, this shift increases the inherent dangers related to online data security and necessitates an evolution of ERM and IT governance techniques, especially in light of previously unheard-of difficulties like a global health catastrophe [28,29]. In order to understand the factors influencing teachers' and students' use of these e-learning tools, researchers at Jazan University in Saudi Arabia used an extended Unified Theory of Acceptance and Use of Technology (UTAUT) model that integrated new variables like perceived risk and self-efficacy [33]. Concurrent studies emphasize the importance of strong IT governance in higher educational settings and call for a responsive, practical strategy that prioritizes resource optimization and crucial threat mitigation [29]. Additionally, the intersection of these academic endeavours draws attention to the intricacy of digital transformation in higher educational settings, highlighting the necessity of an all-encompassing

approach that strengthens institutional resilience against privacy breaches and other digital vulnerabilities. It also promotes technological assimilation and user acceptance, particularly in times of crisis like the COVID-19 pandemic [28].

Within the wider organizational context, the utilization of contemporary IT encompasses not just administrative tasks but also plays a substantial role in managing HEIs. Vujović et al., [48] argued in favour of adopting a professional approach to the integration of IT. The authors highlight that both enterprises and HEIs frequently overlook the importance of conducting thorough professional analysis and employing project management approaches. Furthermore, the impact of advanced technologies, such as big data analytics, on the strategic agility and overall performance of HEIs is a topic of considerable importance. This influence highlights the role of strategic agility as a mediating factor between technological capabilities and HEIs' performance. Additionally, the significance of ERM becomes evident as a critical factor that enhances the influence of strategic agility on HEIs' performance [23]. The field of cybersecurity, which is of utmost importance in the sphere of IT, requires the implementation of stringent measures and higher educational programmes to protect the cyber environment. This is evident in the behaviour of academicians towards cybersecurity, as highlighted by Karagozlu [22]. The utilization of comprehensive risk assessment methodologies, such as those derived from the National Institute of Standard and Technology 800-30 framework, plays a crucial role in identifying and mitigating potential risks inside the information systems of universities. This ensures that these institutions can function without being excessively vulnerable to digital attacks [19]. Hence, these findings support the idea of implementing a planned and informed approach to the adoption and governance of information and IT in higher educational contexts. The summarization of digitization in educational management is shown in Table 3.

#### Authors Methodology Title Journal **Result and Advantages** Mangundu Information African The university is utilizing The university effectively [23] Communication Journal of technology, particularly manages risks through a communication technology, combination of pragmatism, technology Science, governance practices Technology, to enhance its governance practicality, and in universities: A case Innovation practices, ensuring efficient prioritization, ensuring a study of a university and use and effective balanced approach to of technology in Development communication among resource expenditure and Durban, South Africa decision-makers. risk management. Malinao and Home guarantined: International Students face risks in Management practices in utilizing online platforms Sotto [28] Privacy at risk in Journal of online learning involve a technologically-Evaluation during the COVID-19 comprehensive strategy to oriented learning and Research pandemic, potentially safeguard data and protect amidst COVID-19 in Education compromising their privacy students' privacy, pandemic and ability to continue their demonstrating good behaviour and value education post-physical closures. creation. Vujović et Project planning and Technology in Communication Risk management in IT al., [48] risk management as a Society projects is crucial for technologies are success factor for IT revolutionizing businesses ensuring the success of projects in by improving processes and technology. This paper agricultural schools in providing a competitive provides a new approach to Serbia advantage, but often research, focusing on without proper analysis and concrete IT management project management solutions for education methodology. organizations.

#### Table 3

Summary of digitalization in educational management	
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Mujalli, Khan, and Almgrashi [33]	University Accounting Students and Faculty Members Using the Blackboard Platform during COVID-19; Proposed Modification of the UTAUT Model and an Empirical Study	Sustainability (Switzerland)	UTAUT model reveals factors influencing Blackboard platform usage in Jazan University, Saudi Arabia, highlighting technology's importance in counteracting sustainability risks during pandemics and enhancing learning experiences.	The UTAUT model provides insights into factors influencing Blackboard platform usage, mobility, self-efficacy, and self- managed learning, offering practical implications for policymakers, practitioners, online learning providers, and teaching staff.
Khaw and Teoh [23]	The influence of big data analytics technological capabilities and strategic agility on the performance of private higher education institutions	Journal of Applied Research in Higher Education	The study explores the impact of technological capabilities, strategic agility, and ERM on the performance of private HEIs in Malaysia, using data from an online survey and SmartPLS 3.3.9 software.	Technological advancements play a crucial role in strategic performance, enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of educational institutions like Malaysia's PHEIs.
Karagozlu [22]	Determination of cyber security ensuring behaviours of pre-service teachers	Cypriot Journal of Educational Sciences	The study explores pre- service teachers' cyber security behaviours using the Personal Cyber Security Ensuring Scale, involving 144 participants from two universities.	Participants often take precautions when observing unreliable individuals or situations online but occasionally prioritize privacy, precautions, and avoiding traces.
Johan, Rizqon, and Suroso [19]	University information system security risk assessment using NIST 800-30	International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering	The University's XYZ University Information System faces risks due to its outdated technology, posing challenges for students, lecturers, and staff. To mitigate these risks, a risk assessment is conducted to identify potential threats and implement effective risk management.	The research identifies 32 risk scenarios, prioritizing them for management and guiding processes to mitigate them, utilizing National Institute of Science and Technology 800-30 standards to prevent organizational losses.

# 3.2 Strategies and Approaches

When examining ERM in HEIs, scholars underscore diverse tactics, emphasizing the crucial significance of customized risk management methodologies in distinct academic settings. The need to employ a probabilistic model to address information risks in the higher educational sector effectively is emphasized by Boyarov *et al.*, [8]. Moreover, they argued in favour of utilizing scenario-based approaches incorporating well-defined concepts such as asset, vulnerability, threat, and damage to develop complete security policies. The proposed methodology is in accordance with the perspectives proposed by Marx and de Swardt [30], advocating for a curriculum centred around competencies for risk managers. This curriculum emphasized developing abilities in areas such as business and financial management, governance, compliance, and communication. In addition, the approach employed by the researchers is based on Interactive Qualitative Analysis. It aims to develop a robust scholarly framework that effectively satisfies the changing requirements of ERM as a scientific field. In his recent work, Anyim [6] explored the significance of internal control and ERM systems, specifically focusing on university libraries. The author highlighted the importance of

implementing strong control mechanisms to address various risks, such as financial, academic, IT, and human resources-related risks, in order to mitigate them effectively.

The incorporation of technical improvements and digital tools in higher educational risk management techniques has become a key focus in current academic research, particularly in addressing emerging concerns such as the COVID-19 pandemic. The novel telehealth curriculum developed by Jonas *et al.*, [20] was essential in showcasing the effectiveness of this approach in improving students' competencies and preparedness for participating in telehealth practises. Furthermore, the present advancement in education aligns with the research conducted by Wooldridge *et al.*, [51], which investigated the strategies employed by HEIs to address the dangers posed by the pandemic. The study highlighted the importance of internal initiatives, benchmarking, and IT assistance in ensuring the uninterrupted delivery of academic programmes and minimizing potential risks. Similarly, Mehta and Ali [32] and Catyanadika and Isfianadewi [10] concentrate their research efforts on examining the level of responsiveness exhibited by HEIs in the face of the pandemic. They specifically highlight significant technological vulnerabilities, including insufficient internet connectivity and the necessity for resilient IT systems. Consequently, they advocate for the implementation of strategic policies aimed at fortifying the infrastructure supporting online learning.

Several studies provide insights into the practical aspects of adopting ERM techniques within higher educational settings by analysing their efficiency and ramifications. In the study, Olariu and Brad [37] employ the Data Envelopment Analysis technique to assess the efficiency of study programmes. They proposed that enhancing quality in accordance with socio-economic developments is a recommended course of action. Perera et al., [38] examined the effects of ERM on HEIs' performance, recognizing the difficulties posed by substantial implementation expenses and inconclusive results concerning the effectiveness of ERM. Moreover, the quantitative analysis conducted in this study further validated the dependability of specific indicators in evaluating the impact of ERM. According to Ghafar and Jamal [17], blended learning is advocated as an effective approach to risk management education due to its ability to enhance student motivation and comprehension. In contrast, the study conducted by Al Mawadieh, Al-Badawi, and Al-Sarairah [31] revealed that ERM practice in Jordanian universities is only at a moderate level. This finding highlighted the need for improved training and strategic planning in implementing ERM protocols. The findings collectively emphasized the importance for HEIs to implement comprehensive ERM strategies tailored to unique contexts. Therefore, these strategies should incorporate technological, pedagogical, and managerial components in order to navigate the intricate landscape of risks in HEIs effectively. The summarization of strategies and approaches is shown in Table 4.

#### Table 4

Summary of strategies and approaches					
Authors	Title	Journal	Methodology	Result and Advantages	
Boyarov <i>et al.,</i> [8]	Analysis of information risks in education	Perspektivy Nauki i Obrazovania	The information risk analysis in educational settings is based on theory and system methods, utilizing a probabilistic model for assessing security and identifying contributing factors.	The educational environment is a complex space with evolving risks, requiring a scenario-based approach to address these risks in educational processes, ensuring a secure and efficient learning environment.	
Jonas <i>et al.,</i> [20]	An Interdisciplinary, Multi-Institution Telehealth Course for Third- Year Medical Students	Academic Medicine	The university actively teaches telehealth principles, providing students with an innovative telehealth training experience to enhance their medical education.	Technology has significantly improved students' knowledge and engagement in telehealth, with 80% planning to practice this method, demonstrating its effectiveness and potential for future enhancements.	
Marx and de Swardt [30]	An interactive qualitative analysis of academics' views of a competency- based undergraduate qualification in risk management	Qualitative Research in Financial Markets	Risk managers play a crucial role in risk management, ensuring safety and efficiency within organizations, and their competencies are essential for determining suitable undergraduate courses and modules.	The Institute of Risk Management of South Africa and the Council for Higher Education are developing a comprehensive undergraduate curriculum in risk management.	
Olariu and Brad [37]	Preventive Risk Management of Resource Allocation in Romanian Higher Education by Assessing Relative Performance of Study Programs with DEA Method	Sustainability (Switzerland)	HEIs in Romania continuously monitor investments in people, high technology, and innovation. This study evaluates the efficiency of 38 study programs using the data envelopment analysis method, implementing the bootstrap method to correct efficiencies.	The study demonstrates that quality improvement in HEIs is crucial in a socio- economic environment, with efficient programs demonstrating this.	
Wooldridge <i>et</i> <i>al.,</i> [51]	Educational Risk: Lessons Learned during the COVID-19 Pandemic	Marketing Education Review	Students in higher education are at risk due to the significant disruption caused by COVID-19, necessitating marketing academicians to respond effectively to ensure future success.	Technological support and internal efforts are crucial in mitigating the risk associated with the COVID- 19 pandemic, ensuring the smooth functioning of teaching plans and job placements.	

Anyim [6]	Internal Control and Risk Management System in University Libraries: Applications, Techniques and Limitations.	Library Philosophy and Practice	The university's risk management system effectively manages risks, ensuring the organization's objective achievement and mitigating potential obstacles.	The university's system effectively manages research risks and technologies, ensuring the safety and effectiveness of its libraries.
Mehta and Ali [32]	Risk management amidst COVID-19 by Pakistani universities: A study of the University of Punjab	Journal of Management Information and Decision Sciences	Universities worldwide are addressing pandemic risks by developing solutions to detect and control the virus. This study examines the responsiveness and management of the University of the Punjab in Pakistan, the largest state university.	Universities are leveraging technology to enhance academic activities, streamline operations, and address financial risk and staff training challenges.
Ghafar and Jamal [17]	Students' perceptions of the principle of risk management and insurance as a blended learning course	International Journal of Recent Technology and Engineering	Risk management is a critical aspect of education, requiring effective strategies and effective blended learning methods, particularly in the Principles of Risk Management and Insurance course.	The study confirms that students prefer a blend of traditional classroom and online learning, highlighting its benefits, positive impact on motivation, and enhanced understanding of the course.
Catyanadika and Isfianadewi [10]	Project risk assessment of higher education online learning project during the COVID-19 crisis	World Journal on Educational Technology: Current Issues	The research identified 11 technological risks in Indonesian HEIs during the COVID-19 crisis, primarily focusing on inadequate internet connection and inconducive learning environments.	The study emphasizes the importance of prioritizing technology risk mitigation and strategic strategies for Indonesia's online learning initiatives post-COVID-19 resolution.
Perera <i>et al.,</i> [38]	Reliability Assessment of Indicators Measuring the Impact of Enterprise Risk Management on the Performance of Higher Education Institutions in Sri Lanka	Asian Journal of University Education	HEIs in Sri Lanka are implementing ERM to mitigate risks, including strategic, operational, financial, compliance, technological, and reputational issues.	The study validated the reliability of indicators used to measure latent variables in a survey instrument, with each variable's Cronbach's alpha value exceeding 0.70, indicating their suitability for the construct.

Al Mawadieh, Al- Badawi, and Al- Sarairah [31]	The reality of risk management in private Jordanian Universities from the viewpoint of faculty members	International Journal of Higher Education	Technology plays a crucial role in risk management, and universities like Aqaba University of Technology, Zarqa University, and the University of the Middle East are actively implementing effective strategies to mitigate risks.	The study discovered that risk management practice in Jordanian universities is medium, with no significant differences in teaching staff due to factors like sex, academic experience, rank, and college type. The study recommends training courses for risk management planning.

#### 3.3 Impacts and Changes

The development of ERM, specifically within higher educational settings, can be considered a crucial reaction to the complex obstacles posed by IT progress and unexpected emergencies like the COVID-19 epidemic. Research findings suggested that implementing an IT strategy is crucial in improving ERM practises within higher educational directorates. This underscores the significance of strategic planning, effective utilization of IT, and the presence of competent human resources in attaining institutional objectives [40]. Likewise, the transition to digital learning platforms requires a certain level of flexibility. This is indicated by research that recommends incorporating comprehensive ERM strategies and easily accessible higher educational materials to address the difficulties associated with distance education [35]. In addition, in the context of widespread digital transformation in various sectors, the concept of techno-entrepreneurship assumes significant importance. It has been observed that techno-entrepreneurship directly impacts entrepreneurial aspirations and, therefore, calls for the implementation of improved educational approaches aimed at nurturing technopreneurial abilities among students [24].

Simultaneously, the process of digitization in diverse sectors highlights the importance of recognizing and adjusting to emerging trends through strategic research and planning [9]. The proficient administration of Health, Safety, and Environmental risks within higher educational environments, particularly regarding chemical risks, necessitates the use of rigorous procedures for assessing risk prioritization and implementing risk reduction strategies [3]. Promoting multidisciplinary collaboration and reflection is crucial in ERM as it contributes to deeper comprehension and mitigation of ethical, participatory, and power dynamics. This is particularly important for practitioners working in various risk contexts [26]. Furthermore, the importance of implementing focused ERM techniques that address the unique vulnerabilities to ecological, social, technical, and biological risks in disaster-prone locations is highlighted by the perception of safety among educators [11]. Thus, this comprehensive perspective promotes a more nuanced, technology-informed, and collaborative strategy for managing risks in diverse educational and professional contexts.

The development of ERM emphasizes the utilization of transdisciplinary approaches and adaptive IT to address current difficulties [15,44]. The significance of logical methods to IT governance, which bolster institutional resilience against technology vulnerabilities, is emphasized in the Control Objectives for IT 2019 framework developed by the International Professional Association [15]. The importance of integrated strategies across many corporate functions is demonstrated by the effectiveness of convergent security risk management, which recognizes the interconnectedness of physical and information security risks [44]. In the financial domain, equity crowdfunding is a novel and somewhat unexplored method within the financial sector that holds potential for university spinoffs. Despite its inherent dangers, this new approach offers a range of advantages, indicating the

involvement and exploitation of research results and knowledge transfer mechanisms [46]. Furthermore, incorporating culturally sensitive intelligent virtual advisers, specifically within higher educational environments, showcases the capacity of digital technology to alleviate student stress. Through customized interactions, these interventions are able to enhance their effectiveness [34]. Moreover, the function of governance in risk resiliency is of utmost importance, as it exerts influence on economic sustainability by implementing strategic leadership and cooperative initiatives. This highlights the complex and multifaceted character of ERM systems, as emphasized by [21]. The studies collectively indicate a notable change in the way ERM is approached, highlighting the importance of comprehensive, technologically advanced, and collaborative strategies in effectively dealing with the intricate nature of modern organizational ecosystems. The summarization of impacts and changes is shown in Table 5.

#### Table 5

Summary of impacts and changes					
Authors	Title	Journal	Methodology	Result and Advantages	
Sabit, Ghadhban,	The techno-	International	The research investigates	The General Directorate of	
and Abbas [40]	strategy of the	Journal of	the role of the IT system in	Sports and School Activities	
	management	Innovation,	risk management in general	emphasizes the importance	
	information	Creativity and	directorates for sports and	of strategic planning in	
	system and its	Change	school activities in the	technology, emphasizing	
	role in enhancing		Ministry of Education. It	the relationship between IT	
	risk management		examines the relationship	efficiency, human resource	
	in the general		between IT and risk	skills, and risk management.	
	directorate of		management and the	Adopting techno-strategy	
	school and sports		contribution of IT to	enhances performance and	
	activity		education. The study	aims to achieve the	
			involved 20 individuals.	directorate's vision and	
				mission.	
Novikov [35]	Impact of COVID-	Journal of	The study examines the	The study highlights the risk	
	19 emergency	Social Studies	challenges international	associated with remote	
	transition to	Education	first-year students face,	teaching, highlighting the	
	online learning	Research	their academic	need for effective risk	
	on international		performance, and	management plans, user-	
	students		attendance, highlighting the	friendly content, and	
	perceptions of		significance of psychological	quality-of-life	
	the educational		and technological factors in	improvements to mitigate	
	process at		racilitating this transition.	its disadvantages and	
	Russian			ennance the learning	
Kaa Krishnan			Ctudante et e Melausian	The theory suggests that	
and Alias [24]	Self-Efficacy and	of University	university are exploring the	technology self-efficacy and	
	Individual	Education	notential of technology	risk-taking positively	
	Entrepreneurial	Education	particularly in the realm of	influence technopreneurial	
	Orientation on		technopreneurship to	intention At the same time	
	Technopreneurial		address the challenges	innovation does not	
	Intention among		posed by the fourth	significantly impact this	
	Bumiputra		industrial revolution.	intention, suggesting higher	
	Undergraduate			learning institutions focus	
	Students			on developing competitive	
				technopreneurs.	

Debalaria at al	Manual and the	late a stand	The second shakes into the	Disital task wala siaa awa
[9]	Mapping the Wave of Industry Digitalization by Co-Word Analysis: An Exploration of Four Disruptive Industries	International Journal of Innovation and Technology Management	Ine paper delves into the global digital landscape, examining top startups in education, finance, healthcare, and manufacturing, identifying emerging business areas and subsector collaborations.	revolutionizing risk management, enhancing management efficiency and reducing the risk associated with various sectors like education, finance, healthcare, and manufacturing.
All <i>et ul.</i> , [5]	ranking of chemicals related to Petroleum Drilling Laboratory of University using Fuzzy TOPSIS	OFSEARCH	to maintaining a safe and healthy academic environment, addressing complex operations, hazardous materials, and personnel expertise, and utilizing Fuzzy Technique for hazard ranking.	Methylene chloride, benzene, and isopropanol as the most dangerous chemical products, while ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid solution was the least dangerous. Sensitivity analysis revealed acetone and algae oil as the most sensitive.
Krishnan <i>et al.,</i> [26]	Cross-country use of participatory research methods in practice to enhance inclusive decision-making	Disaster Prevention and Management: An International Journal	The risk management process in disaster management necessitates a multidisciplinary approach involving ethics, participation, and power, fostering an inclusive and effective approach.	The authors' diverse working group discussed participation, ethics, and power in disaster risk management, enhancing professional education for engineers and physical and social scientists.
Christina <i>et al.,</i> [11]	Assessing school teachers' perception of disasters: Insights from a socio- environmentally stressed Mediterranean area (Attica, Greece)	International Journal of Disaster Risk Reduction	This study explores teachers' perceptions of multiple hazards in Southern Europe, revealing unique vulnerability in urban and rural regions due to increased disaster impact.	Technological hazards have a less intense impact on teachers' safety than natural hazards like earthquakes and crime, highlighting the need for careful consideration in risk management plans for school communities.
Schneller, Porter, and Wakefield [44]	Implementing Converged Security Risk Management: Drivers, Barriers, and Facilitators	Security Journal	Converged security risk management effectively addresses interdependencies between security-related business functions, addressing both physical and information security challenges, thereby reducing the risk and threats faced by organizations.	Digital technologies pose significant risks to organizations, necessitating effective converged security risk management, addressing traditional barriers and focusing on training and education.

Troise <i>et al.,</i> [46]	Equity crowdfunding for university spin- offs: Unveiling the motivations, benefits, and risks related to its adoption	Journal of Small Business Management	This qualitative study explores the use of equity crowdfunding by a few Italian university spin-offs and its motivations for bypassing traditional funding models, highlighting both benefits and risks.	Universities face risky technologies and uncertainties in equity crowdfunding despite the benefits of crowd participation and strategic resources.
Nelekar <i>et al.,</i> [34]	Effectiveness of embodied conversational agents for managing academic stress at an Indian University (ARU) during COVID-19	British Journal of Educational Technology	The paper presents an embodied conversational agent (ECA) adapted for Indian university students to reduce stress and improve mental health, particularly in developing countries.	Students are increasingly using technology to address mental health issues, enhancing their stress reduction and trust, but further cultural relevance is needed.
Kalogiannidis et	Role of	Journal of	The study investigates the	Technological
al., [21]	Governance in	Risk and	role of governance in	advancements are
	Developing	Financial	enhancing disaster	revolutionizing the field of
	Disaster Resiliency and Its	ivianagement	resiliency and economic	sustainability, enhancing
	Impact on		Macedonia Greece utilizing	effectiveness of various
	Economic		data from 180 local leaders.	sectors, including
	Sustainability			governance.
Elizabeth	Teaching Case	Journal of	Students are utilizing	Technologies are being
Haywood [15]	Making the	Information	technology and IT risk	utilized in educational
	Grade: Using	Systems	management strategies to	institutions to enhance
	COBIT to Study	Education	mitigate potential risks,	security, enhancing the
	Computer Crime		enhancing their	understanding of Control
	at Bucks County		understanding of IT security	Objectives for Information
	Community		and governance thereby	and Related Technologies.
	College		reducing potential cyber	
	(Fellisyivallia)		tineats.	

#### 4. Conclusions

The integration of digitalization in education management, particularly in HEIs, has emerged as a prominent strategy for addressing worldwide concerns. The integration of platforms such as Blackboard in the process of digital transformation has highlighted the importance of adapting ERM approaches to effectively safeguard online data and provide effective governance of IT resources. The swift transition to e-learning platforms has brought attention to both the possible risks involved and the necessity for a comprehensive comprehension of user behaviour and technological acceptability, particularly in times of upheaval. Therefore, the need for strong IT governance in higher educational environments has become apparent, requiring flexible and effective techniques that distribute resources effectively and address key risks. The aforementioned collective insights emphasize the intricate nature of digital transitions in higher educational domains, necessitating a comprehensive strategy that enhances institutional resilience against digital risks while promoting technological adaption and user involvement.

The strategic methods used in ERM at HEIs have changed over time to better deal with the unique problems that come with living in the digital age. The need to implement ERM approaches tailored to address the unique requirements and susceptibilities of HEIs is steadily growing. The integration of scenario-based techniques, curricula centred on competencies, and enhanced internal controls

collectively contribute to developing a more resilient higher educational setting. Moreover, the global health crisis has expedited the incorporation of digital resources in ERM methodologies, emphasizing the significance of being technologically equipped and possessing resilient IT. This includes implementing strategic policies to facilitate the development of online higher educational environments. Furthermore, research examining the effectiveness of different ERM strategies emphasizes the need for these systems to be thorough, adaptable to specific circumstances, and encompass technological, educational, and administrative components. This ensures that HEIs can effectively navigate the complex landscape of risks.

The significance of these changes and the subsequent adoption of ERM methods inside HEIs is a crucial reaction to the complex problems presented by technological progress and unanticipated events such as global health crises. The integration of IT and the adaptability of digital learning platforms highlight the importance of implementing comprehensive ERM techniques, specifically in the context of improving remote higher education. Additionally, the increasing prevalence of technoentrepreneurship, the widespread adoption of digital technologies in various industries, and the imperative for rigorous health and environmental safety protocols in higher educational environments necessitate an all-encompassing, technologically proficient, and cooperative strategy for managing risks. The complex and diverse characteristics of contemporary ERM systems, as evidenced by research conducted in numerous academic fields, indicate a notable transformation in the prevailing risk management paradigms. The aforementioned transition underscores the necessity of using comprehensive, technologically advanced, and collaborative approaches to navigate the intricacies of modern organizational contexts successfully.

It is advisable for future research endeavours to undertake a more comprehensive exploration of the dynamic cyber risks and their ramifications for the safeguarding of institutional data security. This is particularly crucial given the escalating integration of online learning platforms and digital databases. The analysis of the adaptability and resilience of IT infrastructure in addressing growing risks is crucial. Furthermore, it would be advantageous to conduct an inquiry into the efficacy of existing ERM tools and technologies, as well as to examine the possibilities presented by developing technologies such as artificial intelligence for augmenting ERM capabilities. Ultimately, gaining a comprehensive perspective on the role of IT in ERM within HEIs necessitates an appreciation for the human factor, encompassing staff training requirements and the influence of organizational culture.

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